

HANDBALL

SUBMITTED BY, Renifa.M.F M.P.Ed.1st year



HISTORY:

- Modern Handball started in Germany.
- In 1936 was introduced as 11 member out door game.
- In 1972 was introduced as 7 member indoor game.
- The International Handball Federation (IHF).
- IHF founded in 1946.

HANDBALL COURT MEASUREMENTS



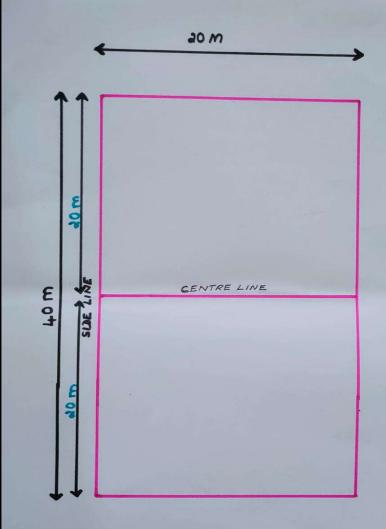
COURT DIMENSIONS:

Shape of the court Rectangular.

CENTRE LINE:

 The centre line connects the midpoints of the two side lines.

- Length of the court :40 m
 20+20= 40
- Width of the court: 20 m



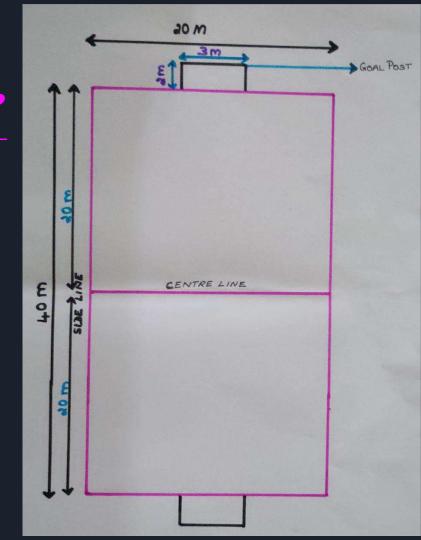
GOAL POST:

Height of the post

=2 m

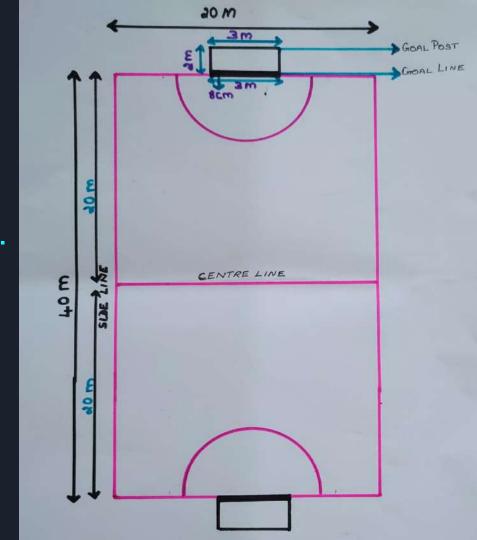
Width of the post

=3 m



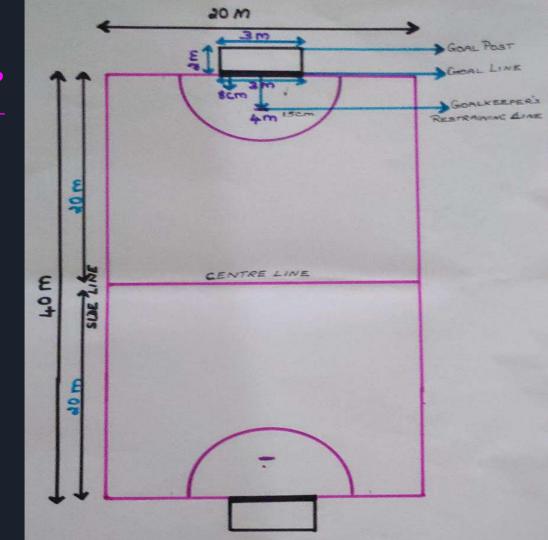
3MLINE:

- 3 m line is called as Goal Line.
- Length of the goal line
 - =3 m
- Width of the goal line
 - = 8 cm



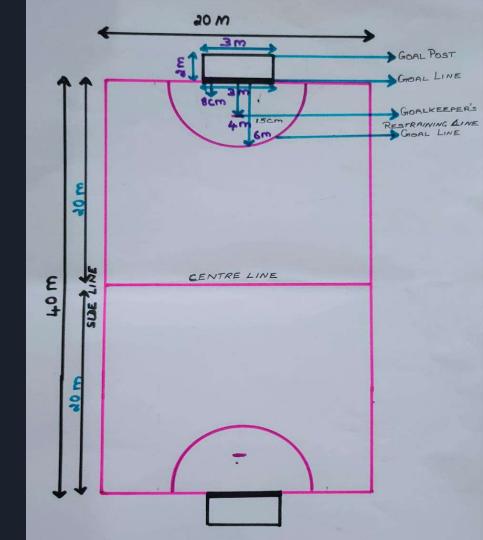
4MLINE:

- 4 m line is called as Goalkeeper Restrictions Line.
- Goal line to Goalkeeper Restrictions Line
 - =4 m
- Restricted line length
 - = 15 cm



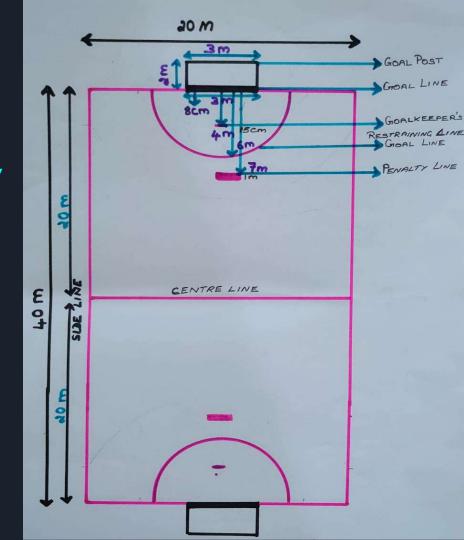
6M LINE:

- 6 m line is called as Goal Area.
- Goal line to Goal Arealength = 6 m



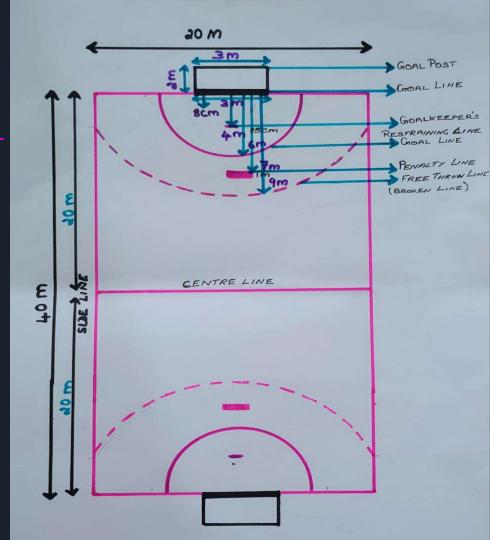
7M LINE:

- 7 m line is called as Penalty line.
- Goal line to Penalty lineLength = 7 m
- Penalty line length = 1m.



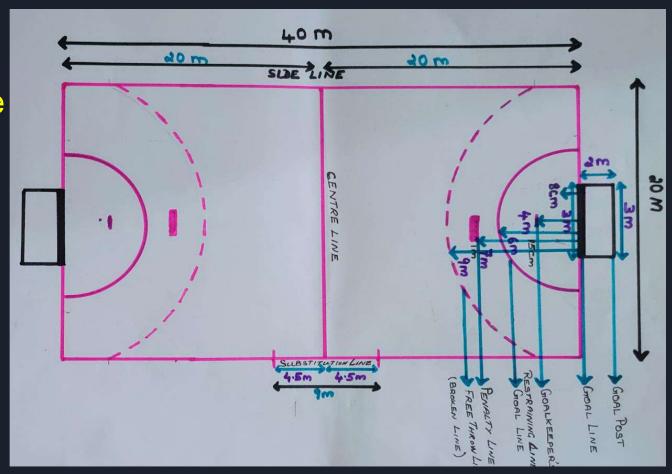
9M LINE:

- 9m line is called as
 Free throw line or
 Broken line .
- Goal line to Free throw line length=9m
- Each dotted line are
 15 cm.

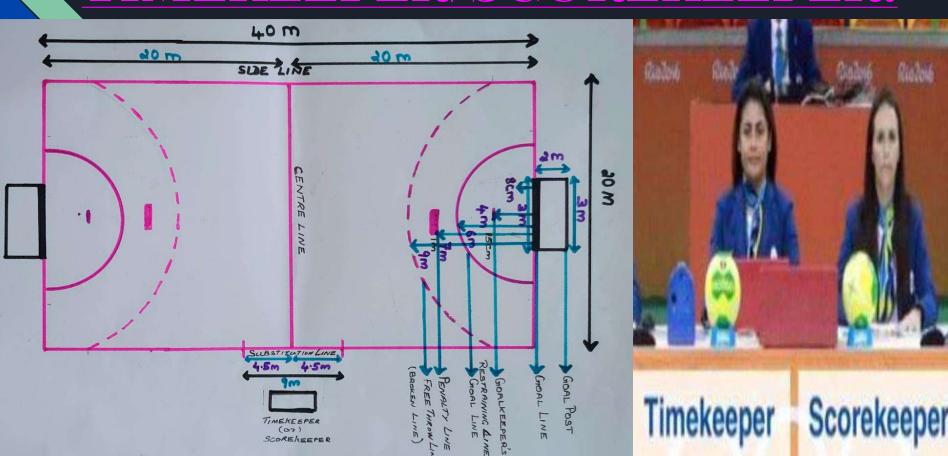


SUBSTITUTION LINE:

- Substitution line
- 4.5m + 4.5m = 9m
- The line
 extended 15cm
 inside 15cm
 outside.

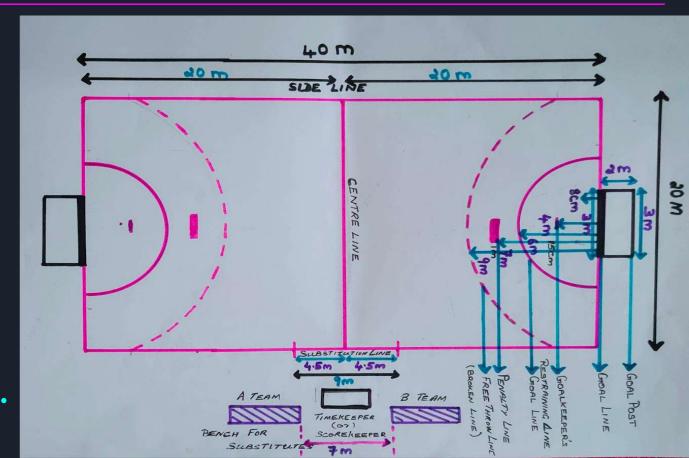


TIMEKEEPER/SCOREKEEPER:

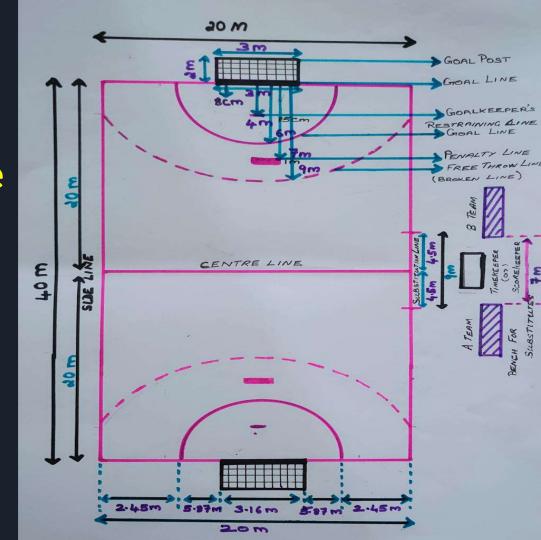


SUBSTITUTION BENCH:

Team A substitution bench and **Team B** substitution bench distance = 7 m.



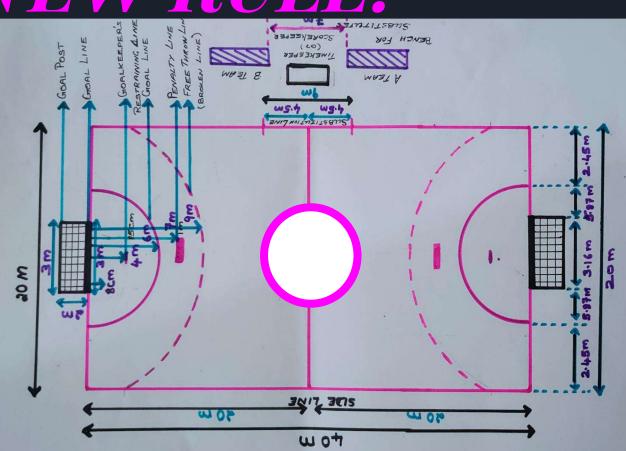
- Side line to 6m line = 2.45m.
- 6m line to 1st Goal post = 5.87m.
- 1st Post to 2nd
 post = 3.16m.



IHF NEW RULE:

Centre circlediameter

• =4m

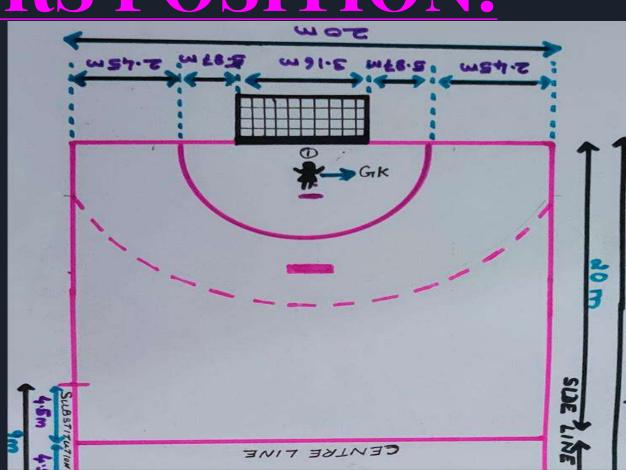


PLA MERS POSITION



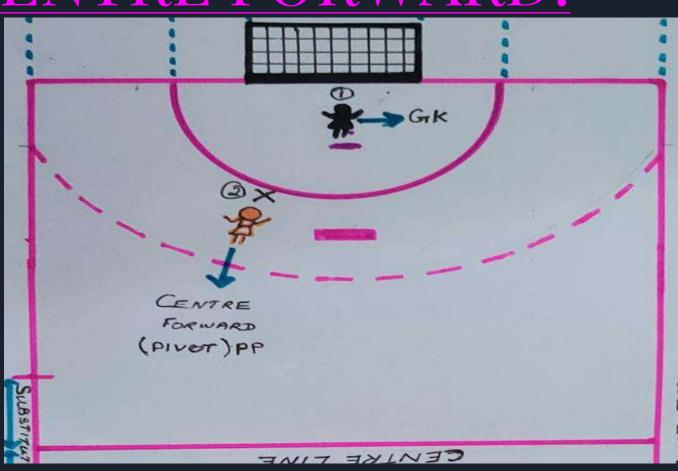
PLAYERS POSITION:

• 1) Goalkeeper



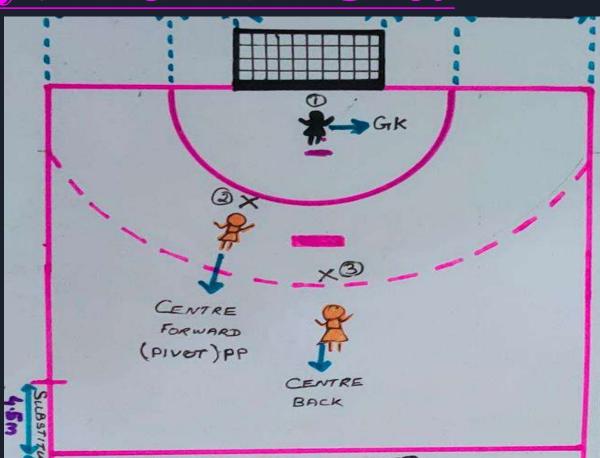
2) CENTRE FORWARD:

Center **Forward** otherwise called as pivot (PP).



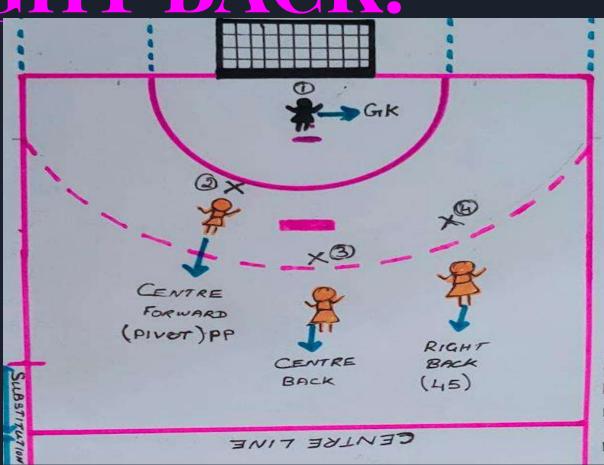
3) CENTRE BACK:

Centre **Back is** otherwise wise called as centre.



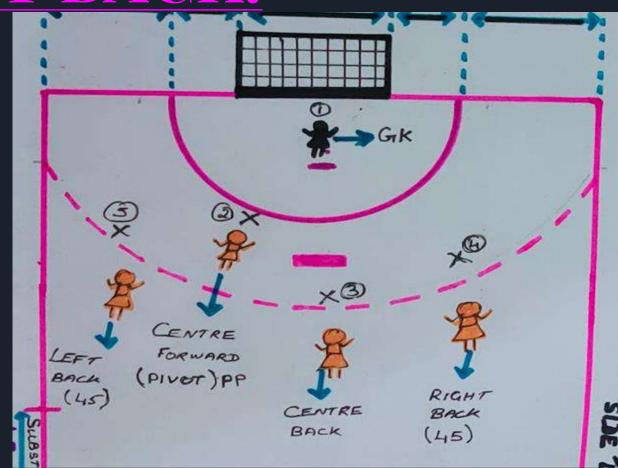
4) RIGHT BACK:

Right Back is otherwise called as Right 45.



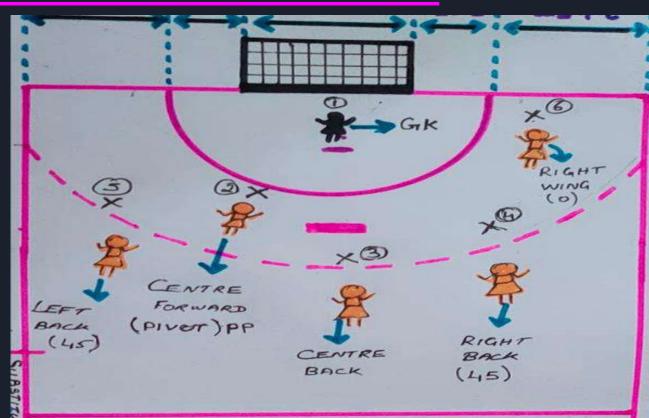
5) LEFT BACK:

 Leftback is otherwise called as Left 45.



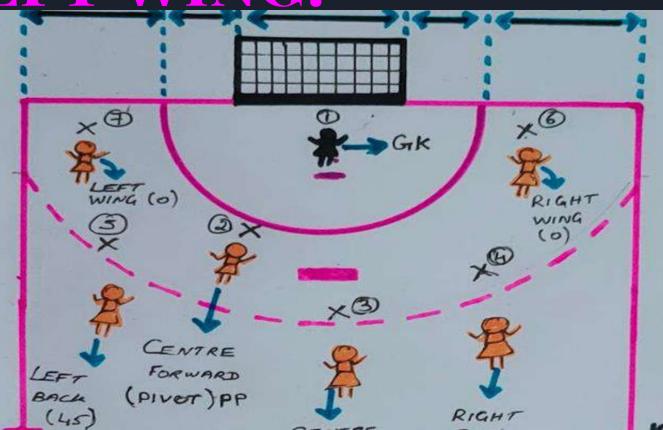
6) RIGHT WING:

Right wing is otherwise called as Right 0.



7) LEFT WING:

Left wing is otherwis e called as Left

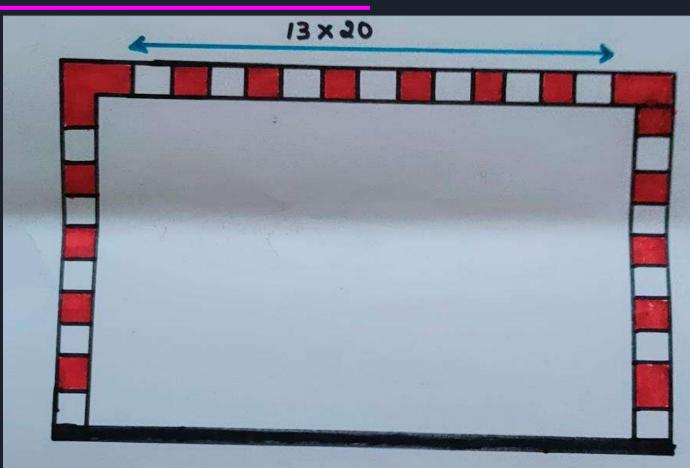


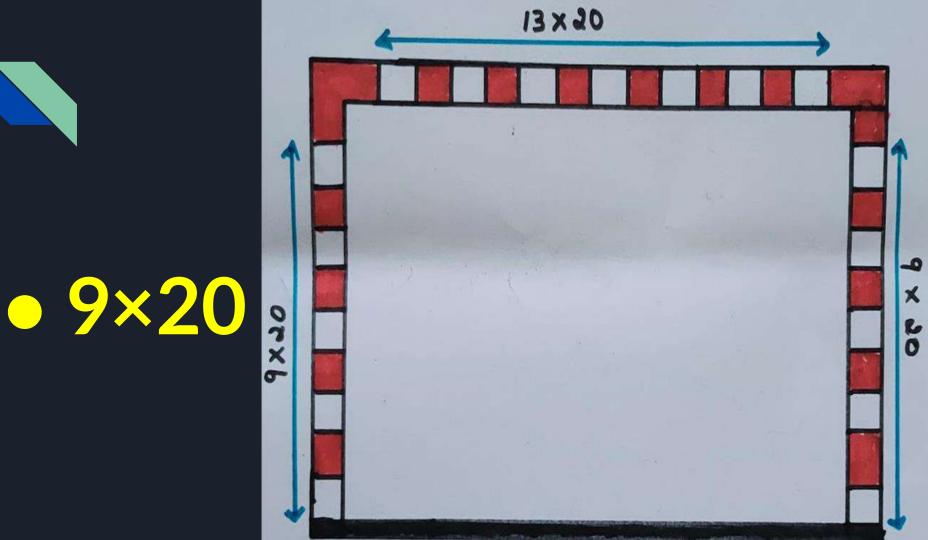
GOAL POST MEASUREMENTS

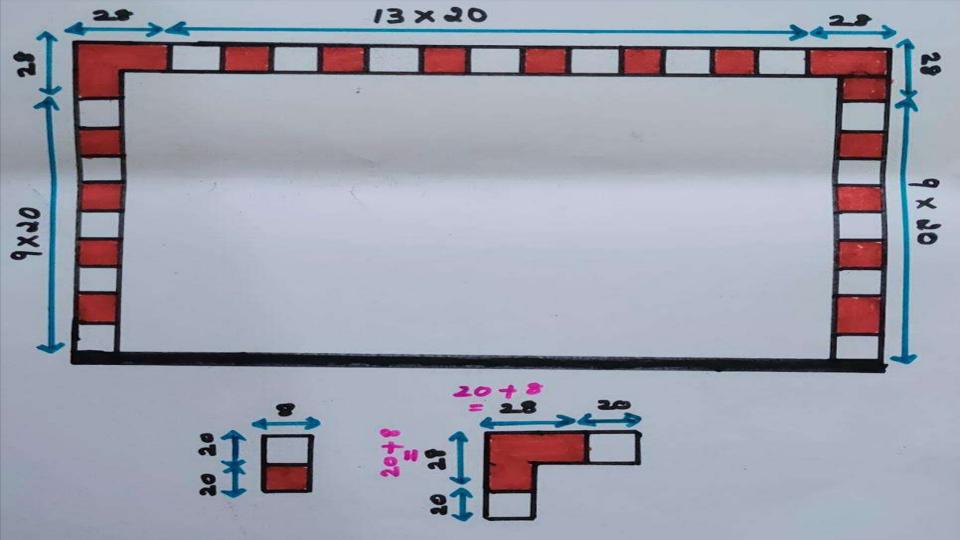


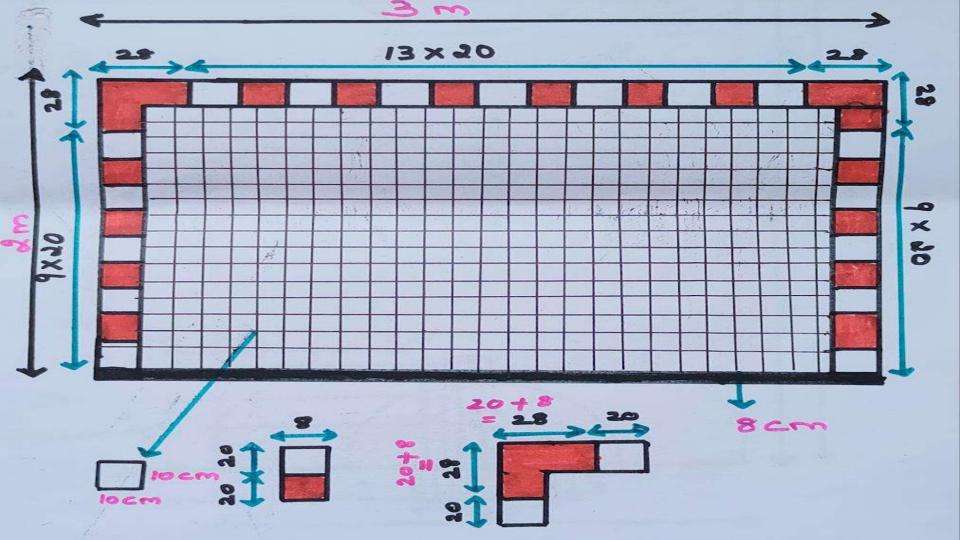
GOAL POST:

• 13× 20









BALL MEASUREMENTS

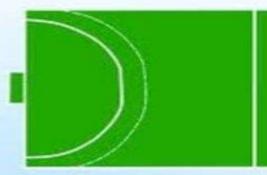




BALL

- The ball is made of leather or a synthetic material.
- It must be spherical.
- The surface must not be shiny or slippery.
 The ball varies in size and
 - The ball varies in size and weight according to the gender and age of the players.

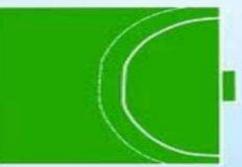
CATEGORY	SIZES	BALL WEIGHT (With Resine)	CIRCUMFEREN CE (With Resine)	BALL WEIGHT (Without Resine).	CIRCUMFEREN CE (Without Resine)
Men/ male youth Over 15 years	3	425-475grams	58-60 cm	400-425grams	55.5 - 57.5 cm
Women /youth women over14 years/Male youth (12-16)years	2	325-375grams	54-56 cm	300-325grams	51.5 - 53.5 cm
Male youth (8-12)years/ female (8-14)	1	290-330grams	50-52 cm	290-315grams	49 -51 cm













DURATION OF MATCH:

MALE AND FEMALE	TIME
Age 16 years and above	Two halves (30-10-30)

Youth(12-16 years) Two halves (25-10-25)

Youth(8-12years)

Two halves (20-10-20)

TIE BREAK:

- 1st Extre Time = (5-1-5)
- 2nd Extre Time = (5-1-5)

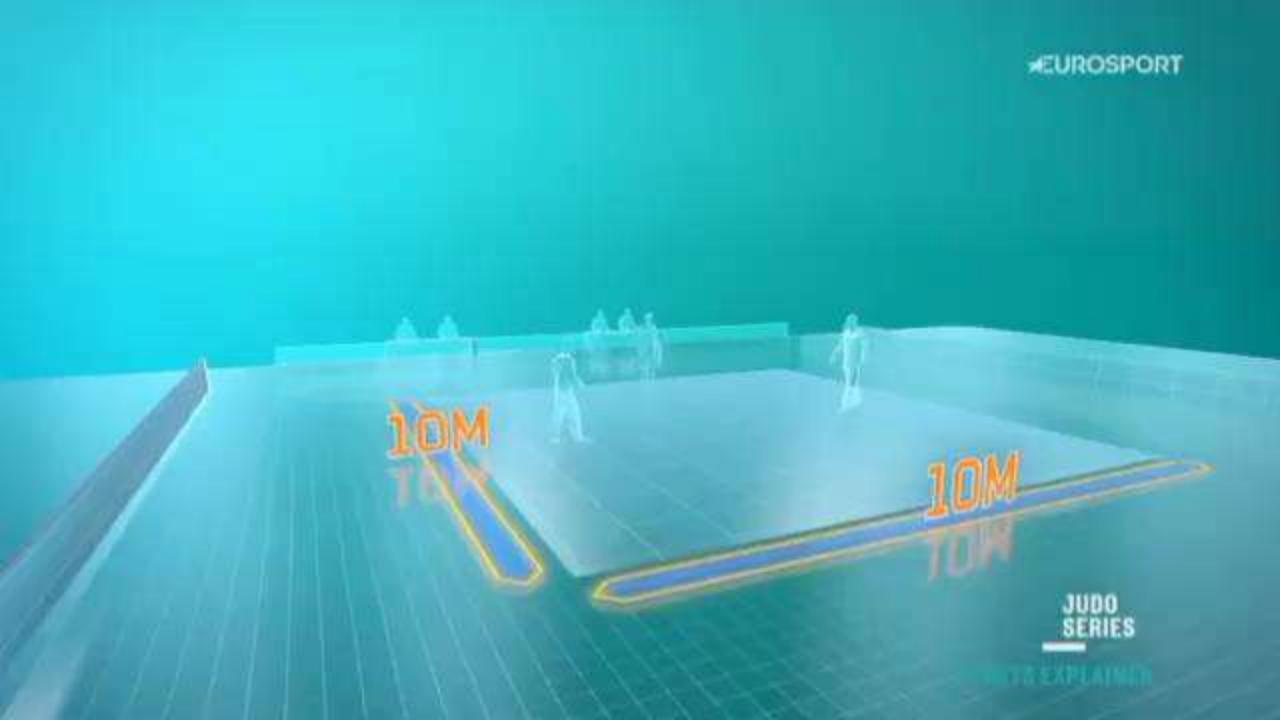
AGAIN TIE:

5 players from each team Free Throw.

THANKYOU

EUROSPORT

JUDO SERIES



COMPETITIONS AREA

14m x 14m and shall be covered by Tatamis or similarly acceptable material The competition area shall be divided into two (2) zones.

The inner area shall be called the contest area and shall always be of a minimum of $8m \times 8m$ or a maximum of $10m \times 10m$.

When using two (2) or more adjoining competition areas, the common or shared safely area shall be 4 metres

A free zone, a minimum of 50cm must be maintained around the entire competition area.

JUDO UNIFORM

The contestants shall wear a Judogi complying with the following conditions: On the day of the competition, the fighters must be in conformity with JUDOGI REGULATION up to this date.

On the day of the competition, the fighters must be in conformity with the GUIDANCE OF JUDOGI CONTROL DURING IJF COMPETITIONS

All information must be in the JUDOGI REGULATION and GUIDANCE OF JUDOGI CONTROL DURING IJF COMPETITIONS.



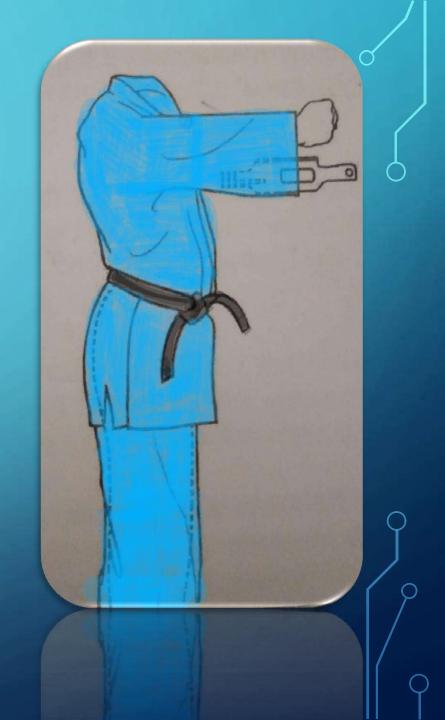
JUDO UNIFORM



MODIFICATION OF JUDOGI REGULATION

1. THE SLEEVE

Judog sleeves must cover up the full arm including wrist in the control position of the Judogi jacket (open arms).



THE JACKET

The distance between the 2 lapels of the jacket horizontally. Needs to be of a minimum of 20 cm.

The distance between the sternum top and the lapel crossing point of the jacket vertically must be less than 10cm.



WEIGHT CATEGORIES SENIOR

WOMEN	MEN
48	56
52	60
57	73
63	90
70	100
+78	+100

WEIGHT CATEGORIE

JUNIOR BOYS

UNDER -14	UNDER - 17	UNDER - 19	UNDER - 21
18 & ABOVE TO	32 & ABOVE TO	32 & ABOVE TO	16 & ABOVE TO
BELOW 25	BELOW 40	BELOW 40	BELOW 23
25 & ABOVE TO	40 & ABOVE TO	40 & ABOVE TO	23 & ABOVE TO
BELOW 30	BELOW 45	BELOW 45	BELOW 27
30 & ABOVE TO BELOW 35	45 & ABOVE TO BELOW 50	45 & ABOVE TO BELOW 50	27 & ABOVE TO BELOW 32
35 & ABOVE TO	50 & ABOVE TO	50 & ABOVE TO	32 & ABOVE TO
BELOW 40	BELOW 55	BELOW 55	BELOW 36
40 & ABOVE TO BELOW 45	55 & ABOVE TO BELOW 60	55 & ABOVE TO BELOW 60	36 & ABOVE TO BELOW 40
45 & ABOVE TO	60 & ABOVE TO	60 & ABOVE TO	40 & ABOVE TO
BELOW 50	BELOW 65	BELOW 65	BELOW 44
50 & ABOVE TO	65 & ABOVE TO	65 & ABOVE TO	44 & ABOVE TO
BELOW 60	BELOW 71	BELOW 71	BELOW 50
	71 & ABOVE TO	71 & ABOVE TO	

JUNIOR GIRLS

	UNDER -19	UNDER - 14	UNDER - 17	UNDER- 19
	18 & ABOVE TO	16 & ABOVE TO	28 & ABOVE TO	28 & ABOVE TO
	BELOW 40	BELOW 23	BELOW 36	BELOW 36
	40 & ABOVE TO	23 & ABOVE TO	36 & ABOVE TO	36 & ABOVE TO
	BELOW 45	BELOW 27	BELOW 40	BELOW 40
	45 & ABOVE TO	27 & ABOVE TO	40 & ABOVE TO	40 & ABOVE TO
	BELOW 50	BELOW 32	BELOW 44	BELOW 44
	50 & ABOVE TO BELOW 55	32 & ABOVE TO BELOW 36	44 & ABOVE TO BELOW 48	44 & ABOVE TO BELOW 48
	55 & ABOVE TO	36 & ABOVE TO	48 & ABOVE TO	48 & ABOVE TO
	BELOW 60	BELOW 40	BELOW 52	BELOW 52
	60 & ABOVE TO BELOW 65	40 & ABOVE TO BELOW 44	52 & ABOVE TO BELOW 56	52 & ABOVE TO BELOW 56
	65 & ABOVE TO	44 & ABOVE TO	56 & ABOVE TO	56 & ABOVE TO
	BELOW 71	BELOW 54	BELOW 61	BELOW 61
)	71 & ABOVE TO BELOW 80		61 & ABOVE TO BELOW 71	61 & ABOVE TO BELOW 71

TIME DURATION



DURATION OF THE CONTEST

SENIOR Men/ Team:	5 Minutes real contest time
SENIOR WOMEN/ Team:	4 Minutes real contest time
JUNIOR Under 21 men and women/ Team:	4 Minutes real contest time
CADET Under 18 men and women/ Team:	4 Minutes real contest time

OSAEKOMI TIME

a) Ippon: Total of 20 seconds. (100 poins)

b) Waza-ari: 15 seonds or more but less than 20 seconds (10 points)







EQUIPMENT

- 1.Scoreboard
- 2. Timing clock
- 3. Flag (timekeeper)
- 4. Time signal

Yellow, time out

Green Osaekom duration

- 5. White and blue judogis
- 6. Manual score board

W_ARI

YUKO

SHIDO



Yoga Practice for Day to Day Life During Pandamic



GAMPALA ABHIGNA REDDY M.P.Ed II YEAR 202001104 Nearly 10 per cent of people diagnosed with Covid-19 experience prolonged symptoms, including troubled breathing, blood clots, headaches, nausea, muscle pain, and fatigue that lasts for weeks, months, and possibly years after testing positive

"Yoga is helping these long-haul patients in easing stress and pain, maintaining mobility, and breathing easier. Even the World Health Organization has urged people to take up yoga during the pandemic".



SUNBATHING

Exposure to sunlight can boost mood, result in better sleep, and helps vitamin D production, which strengthens bones and may help fight certain diseases.

KRIYA

- 1. Jala neti can remove mucus and pollutants from the nasal passage and sinuses, allowing air to flow without obstruction. This helps relieve allergies, colds and sinusitis.
- 2. It claims to prevent and manage diseases of the respiratory tract such as asthma, pneumonia, bronchitis and pulmonary tuberculosis.

PRANA MUDRA



Improves immunity power Reduces the Block in Blood vessels





MEDITATION

Gaining a new perspective on stressful situations.

Building skills to manage your stress.

Increasing self-awareness.

Focusing on the present.

Reducing negative emotions.

Increasing imagination and creativity.

Increasing patience and tolerance.



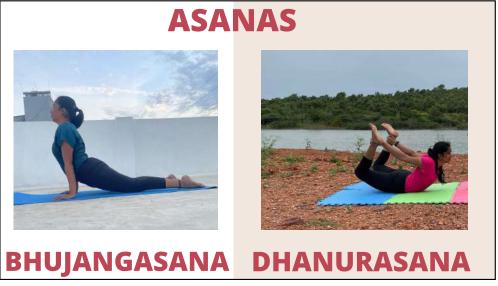
Anulom-Vilom Pranayama

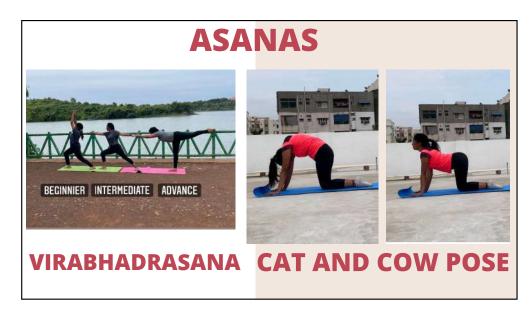
Anulom vilom is a specific type of controlled breathing (pranayama) in the practice of yoga.

It involves holding one nostril closed while inhaling, then holding the other nostril closed while exhaling. The process is then reversed and repeated.











"EVERYONE

CAN

BREATHE,

THEREFOR,

EVERYONE

CAN DO

YOGA "







WHAT ARE PARALYMPIC GAMES?

The Paralympic games is an International multi sport event, where disabled people can compete against each other.





<u>Paralympics</u>

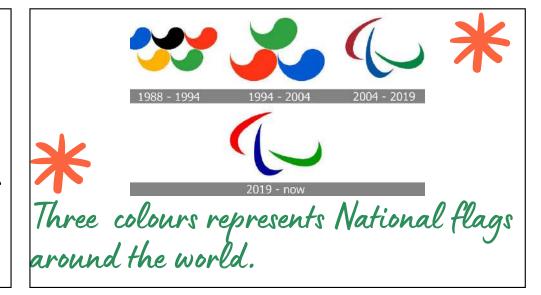
Originally termed Paralympics because it meant paraplegic.

Now para stands for parallel to the olympic games

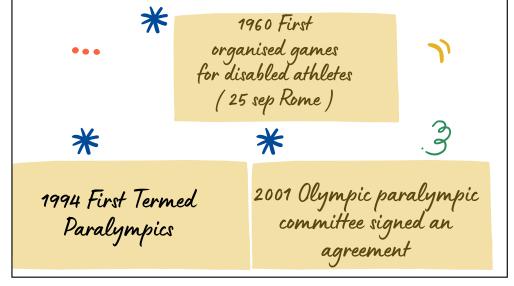


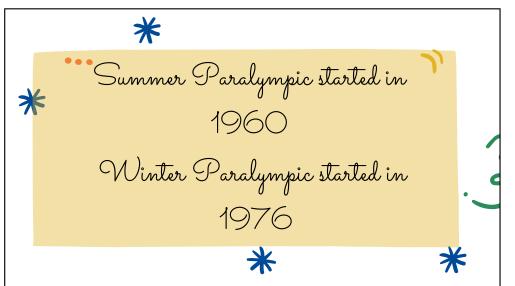
How did it Start?

The Paralympics developed after Sir Ludwig Guttmann organized a sports competition for British World War II veterans with spinal cord injuries in England in 1948. A follow-up competition took place in 1952, with athletes from the Netherlands joining the British competitors.













The International Paralympics
Committee is an international
non-profit organisation and the
global governing body for the
Paralympic Movement.
The IPC organized the
Paralympics Games and
functions as the International
federation for nine sports.

Sports Includes

Summer Paralympics

Archery, Cycling,
Judo, Rowing, Sailing,
Shooting, Swimming,
TableTennis, VolleyBall,
Wheelchair Basketball,
Wheelchair Fencing,
Wheelchair Rugby,
wheelchair Tennis...etc

Winter Paralympics

- Alpine skiing, ice sledge hockey,
- cross-country skiing, wheelchair curling,
- para-snowboarding.

India in Paralympics

- India's first medal in Paralympics came in 1972 Games, with Murlikant Petkar winning a gold medal in swimming.
- India's best finish yet has been in the 2020 Games, at 24th place with a medal haul of 19 medals (5 gold, 8 silver and 6 bronze).
- 1994 First termed Paralympics.
- 2001 Olympic Paralympic committee signed an agreement

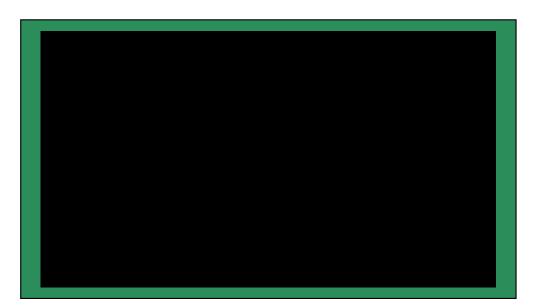


Most Decorated Paralympian



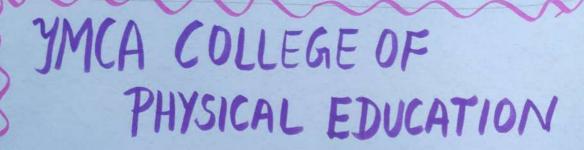
Blind from birth, she competed in Paralympics swimming. She is the most successful athlete in the history of the Paralympics games, having won 55 medals and was inducted into the Paralympics hall of fame in 2012.

: Trischa Zorn (American Paralympics swimmer)









COACHING LESSON PLAN BASKETBALL

NAME: R. DIVYA BHARATHI

ROLL.NO: 202101004

CLASS: I. M. P. Ed

DURATION: 45 Minutes

TECHNIQUE: REBOUND

TASK TASK Assembly and Roll call: Students are asked to line up for attendance and coach should give brief Introduction INTRODUCTORY PART DRAL METHOD Exchange of greetings Introduction of task about technique General warming up: Subject should do stretching, Togging CONTINUOUS INTERVAL To prepare body for upcoming task various types of running, hopping, bounding, etc. Specific warming up Running for various signals. CONTINUOUS METHOD To specifically prepare the Interpassing with 2 men, Shittle Run. body to tackle upcoming Importance of the skill: A player takes a shot and misses and the ball can be game changer. MAIN PART: INTERRUPTED PART DEMONSTRATION Demonstration of the Skill: The loach should demonstrate " REBOUND METHOD. whole skill of " REBOUND " Explanation of the Skill: Preparation: Subject nun near or under basket PRESENTATION METHOD Execution: Then once opponent shoot basket, Tump and get ready to collect the missed CONTINUOUS METHOD Follow through: Ball collection and land with parallel stance and pass the ball to teammate. DRILL 1 - Imitating the technique.

COUNT-1 - Parallel stance with squad and shuffling PART BY PART METHOD To learn the skill one by COUNT-2 - Jump forward and Raise the arm Practice with Ball and on Backboard. Jump with Ball hitting the Backboard REPEATITION METHOD collect the Ball (Rebound) and het the Backgood learn the technique Next Person collects of continous. systematically Practice in group with single Ball 1st person Jump & Hit the Ball at Backboard REPEATITION METHOD To learn the technique 2nd person receive and hit again, likewise it Systematically COUNT 2 practing the skill in game situation. The Competition situation: UNINTERRUPTED PART: will divide students into a groups. play defenine rebound REPEATITION METHOD competition | game like situation more on the Rearnst technique offennice rebound team will To get perfection in similar team will play technique in game situation Limbering down exercise: warm down exercise of INTERNAL METHOD CONCLUDING PART: To bring body mechanism To clarify doubt If any & Review and Dismissal: Reassembly, Clarification CO-OPERATION METHOS to northal. of doubts and dismissal the class dismissal



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2.4.10: Nature of Internee engagement during internship:

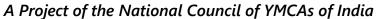
1. Students Handling assignments in the school







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Students organized fitness test for school students during their internship



Student Teachers organized sports meet during their internship





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As a mentor





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Sample copy of timetable issued to the internee

Xamuely.

1